



**ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR, CRIME AND POLICING ACT 2014
PART 4, CHAPTER 1 - COMMUNITY PROTECTION NOTICE**

COMMUNITY PROTECTION NOTICE

I am satisfied on reasonable grounds that the conduct of:

Name: [REDACTED] **Date of Birth:** [REDACTED]

Address: NFA

Business Name: N/A **Organisation:** N/A

Is having a detrimental effect, of a persistent or continuing nature, on the quality of life of those in the locality, and the conduct is unreasonable.

The nature of the conduct is as follows:

[REDACTED] was issued with a CPN WW on 04/03/2022 by PC SPRINGATE and was required to remove his tent and all other personal belongings from the location by 07/03/2022.

Since being issued with the CPN Written Warning (WW), [REDACTED] continues to live in his tent at the location and to breach his CPN WW on a daily basis.

On 09/03/2022 officers from the Euston TCT (Team 1) attended the location and [REDACTED] was still there, breaching his CPN WW. [REDACTED] was again asked to remove all personal belonging and himself from the location. This breach was recorded on [REDACTED]

Officers from the Euston Town Centre Team (Team 1) were on night shifts 10th, 11th and 12th March 2022. They drove along [REDACTED] each night and [REDACTED] tent and belongings were still there. This would suggest that [REDACTED] has completely ignored the CPN WW and is actively refusing to follow the conditions listed on it. [REDACTED] continues to breach his CPN WW even after the numerous opportunities and warnings he has been given. This has been recorded on [REDACTED]

On 16/03/2022 [REDACTED], the UK Retail Manager of Natuzzi Italia sent an email to PC O'GRADY regarding the impact [REDACTED] lifestyle has had on the business and the members of staff who work in the [REDACTED] store. [REDACTED] has also taken 3 photographs of the tent on 16/03/2022 and attached them in his email. This has been recorded on [REDACTED]

You were issued with a written warning on - (04/03/2022 at 14:30 HOURS)

by – PC SPRINGATE to ensure the offending conduct had stopped

by – 09/03/2022 at 1800 hours - but you have failed to do so.

In order to address the offending conduct you must abide by the following conditions:

1. MUST NOT LEAVE ANY BEDDING IN ANY PUBLIC PLACE IN THE LONDON BOROUGH OF CAMDEN, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO DUVETS, PILLOWS, SHEETS ETC.

2. NOT TO BE IN POSSESSION OF ANY ARTICLES USED IN THE COMMISSION OF BEGGING, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO OPEN CONTAINERS/CUPS OR SIGN AND NOT TO POSITION YOURSELF TO BEG.

NOT PROTECTIVELY MARKED

3. MUST NOT LEAVE LITTER, TENTS, CLOTHING, PERSONAL BELONGINGS OR ANY OTHER ITEMS UNATTENDED IN ANY PUBLIC PLACE IN THE LONDON BOROUGH OF CAMDEN.
4. MUST NOT PITCH A TENT OR MAKE ANY OTHER IMPROVISED CONSTRUCTIONS TO BE USED FOR LIVING. MUST NOT LIVE IN A TENT OR ANY OTHER PLACE NOT DESIGNED AND CONSTRUCTED TO BE USED AS ACCOMMODATION IN THE LONDON BOROUGH OF CAMDEN.
5. NOT TO CONGREGATE NEAR OR ASSOCIATE WITH ILLEGAL DRUG USE ON THE STREET OR ALLOW A ROUGH SLEEPING SITE TO BE USED FOR ILLEGAL DRUG USE.
6. NOT TO LOITER ON A PUBLIC ROAD OR PAVEMENT WAITING FOR OTHERS UNLESS WAITING FOR A PRE ARRANGED APPOINTMENT WHICH CAN BE PROVED/CONFIRMED AT THE TIME OF WAITING.
7. NOT TO ENGAGE IN BEHAVIOUR, WHICH CAUSES OR IS LIKELY TO CAUSE HARASSMENT, ALARM, DISTRESS, NUISANCE OR ANNOYANCE TO ANY PERSON.
8. NOT TO USE ANY SOUND AMPLIFIER OR MAKE EXCESSIVE NOISE IN ANY PUBLIC PLACE IN LONDON.
9. NOT TO BLOCK, SLEEP OR SIT OUTSIDE OF ANY ENTRANCES AND/OR EXITS TO DOORWAYS. THIS INCLUDES RESIDENTIAL AND BUSINESS ANYWHERE IN LONDON.
10. NOT TO URINATE OR DEFECATE IN A PUBLIC PLACE.
11. TO ENGAGE POSITIVELY WITH CURRENT SERVICES OFFERED WHICH WILL PROVIDE IMMEDIATE ACCOMMODATION AND SUPPORT, WHILE VACATING THE SITE ON [REDACTED]

You must comply with the conditions immediately, otherwise you will be in breach of this Community Protection Notice.

If you fail to comply with the requirements of this Community Protection Notice you will commit an offence for which you will be liable on summary conviction -

- (a) to a fine not exceeding level 4 on the standard scale, in the case of an individual;
- (b) to a fine not exceeding £20,000, in the case of a body.

If you fail to comply with the terms of the Community Protection Notice, the relevant local authority may have work carried out to ensure that the failure is remedied, but only on land that is open to the air.

As regards premises other than land open to the air, if the relevant local authority issues you with a notice; specifying work it intends to have carried out to ensure that the failure is remedied; specifying the estimated cost of the work, and; inviting you to consent to the work being carried out, the authority may have the work carried out if the necessary consent is given.

If work is carried out, as above, and the relevant local authority issued a notice to you giving details of the work that was carried out, and specifying an amount that is no more than the cost to the authority of having the work carried out, then you are liable to the authority for that amount (subject to the outcome of any appeal).

Appeal

A person issued with a community protection notice may appeal to a magistrates' court against the notice on any of the following grounds.

1. That the conduct specified in the community protection notice -
 - (a) did not take place,
 - (b) has not had a detrimental effect on the quality of life of those in the locality,
 - (c) has not been of a persistent or continuing nature,
 - (d) is not unreasonable, or
 - (e) is conduct that the person cannot reasonably be expected to control or affect.
2. That any of the requirements in the notice, or any of the periods within which or times by which they are to be complied with, are unreasonable.
3. ~~That there is a material defect or error in, or in connection with, the notice~~
4. That the notice was issued to the wrong person.

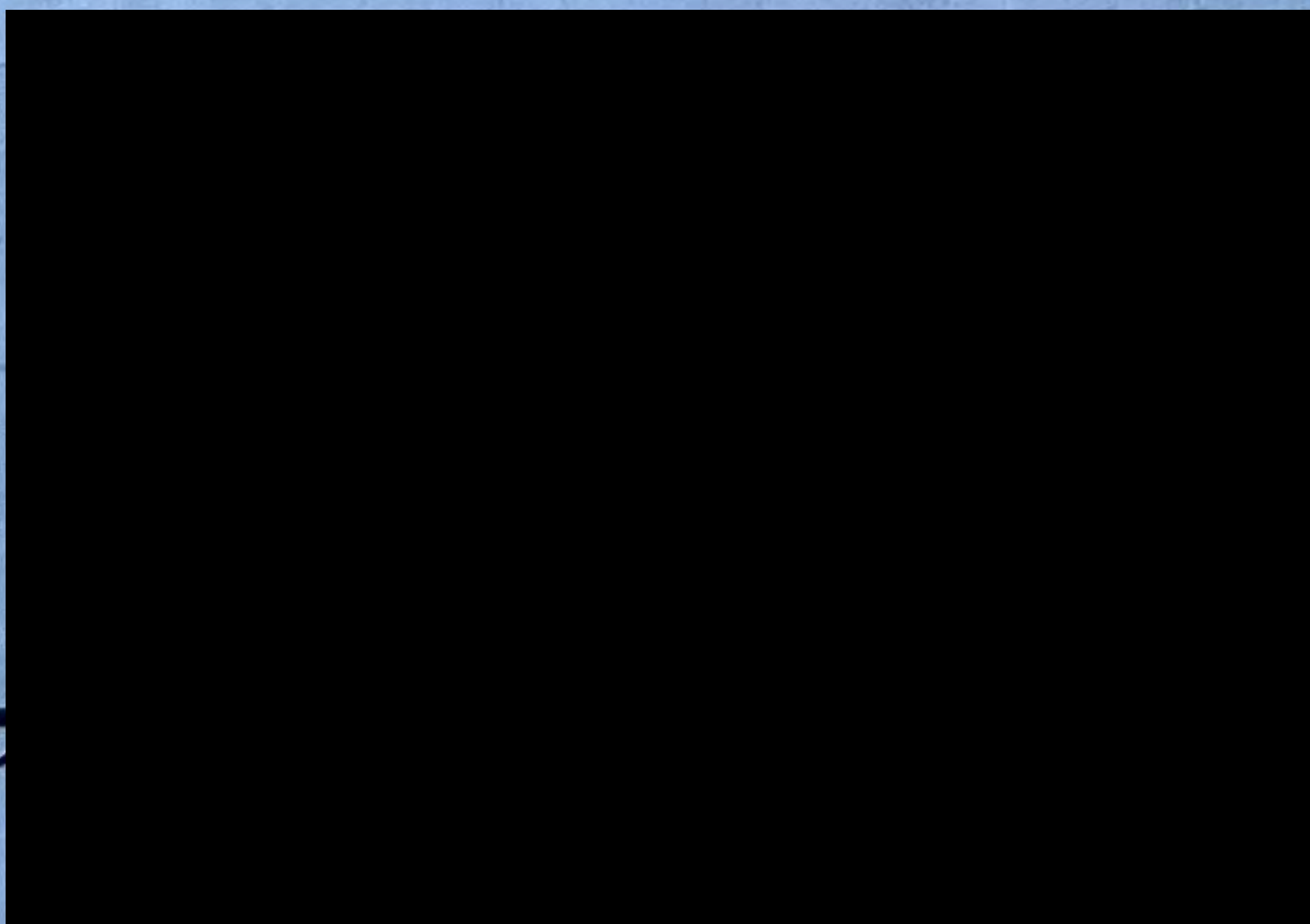
An appeal must be made within the period of 21 days beginning with the day on which the person is issued with the notice.

Remedial Orders - a court before which a person is convicted of failing to comply with a community protection notice may make whatever order the court thinks appropriate for ensuring that what the notice requires to be done is done and for which you may be liable to any costs.

A court before which a person is convicted of failing to comply with a community protection notice may order the forfeiture of any item that was used in the commission of the offence.

If a justice of the peace is satisfied on information on oath that there are reasonable grounds for suspecting; that an offence under section 48 has been committed (failure to comply with the notice), and that there is an item used in the commission of the offence on premises specified in the information, the justice may issue a warrant authorising any constable or designated person to enter the premises within 14 days from the date of issue of the warrant to seize the item.

Name:



Signed:

Date:

17/3/2022